



Northwest Arizona Rural Watershed Initiative Study

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Rural Watershed Initiative Study Areas



ARIZONA

RURAL WATERSHED INITIATIVES

Willcox Basin

Douglas Basin

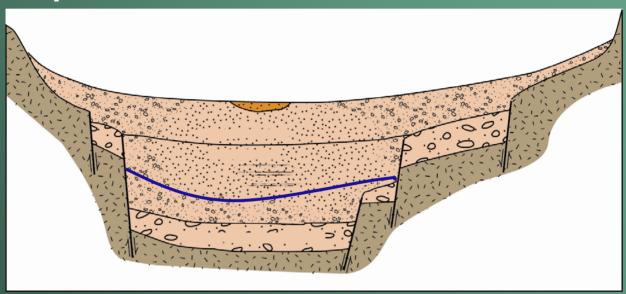






Key study area characteristics:

Alluvial basins with basin-fill as primary aquifer



- Compared to other alluvial basins in AZ
 - Ground-water use is currently low; minimal surface-water use
 - Recharge is low
 - Ground-water is deep
 - Lack of perennial streams & aquatic/riparian habitat





Fundamental study area issue and question:

Current and projected rapid increase in population & ground-water demand

Is there enough water to support the current and growing population?

Managers & Planners

How much ground water is In storage?
Recharges annually?
Discharges annually?

Scientists & engineers

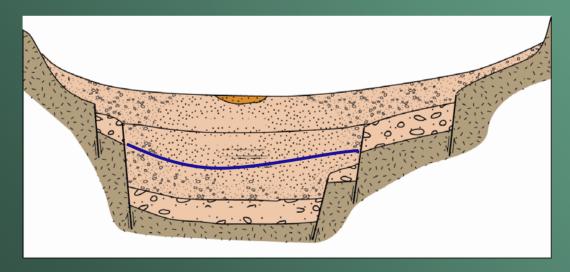






Study objectives:

- Develop improved estimates for ground-water recharge, discharge, and storage
 - Evaluate current and past conditions of ground-water levels and ground-water movement
 - Develop a better understanding of the extent and lithology of geologic units and structures,

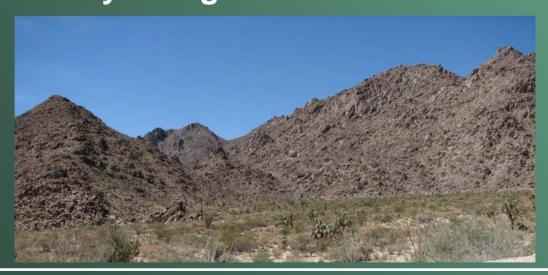






Study objectives

- Evaluate ground-water quality for key water uses
- Augment existing hydrologicmonitoring networks to detect and characterize changes in aquifer conditions
- Inform the hydrologic community, land & water managers, and basin residents about hydrologic conditions

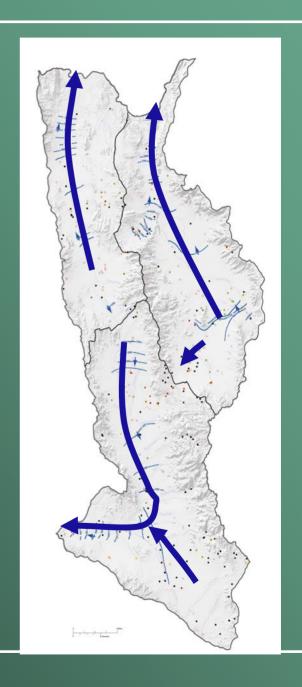






Methods: Evaluate current and past conditions of ground-water levels and ground-water movement

- Measured water levels in 330 wells during 2006
- Water-level map

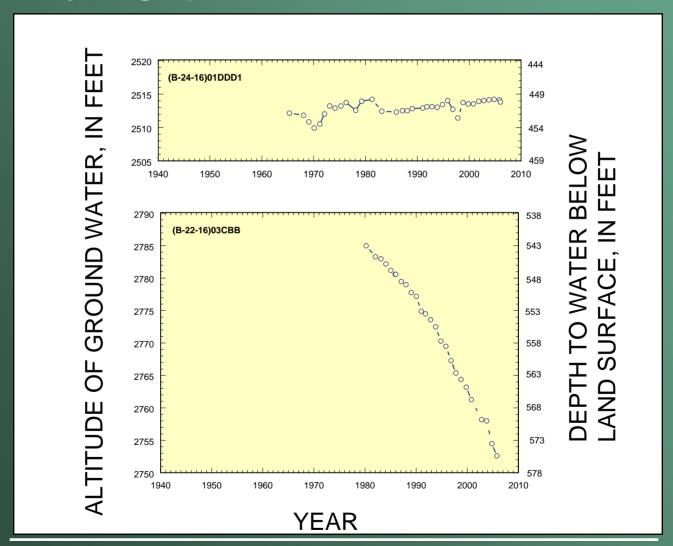






Methods: Evaluate current and past conditions of ground-water levels and ground-water movement

Hydrographs







Method: Develop a better understanding of the extent and lithology of geologic units and structures, and their relation to the storage & movement of ground water

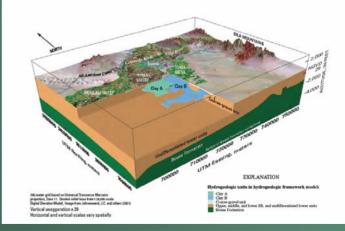
Data sources:

- Geologic maps & reports
- Drillers logs of borehole cuttings
- Gravity measurements
- Ground and airborne geophysical surveys (TEM)

Geologic model

- 3-Dimensional, digital
- Spatial extent of hydrogeologic units
- Location of geologic structures



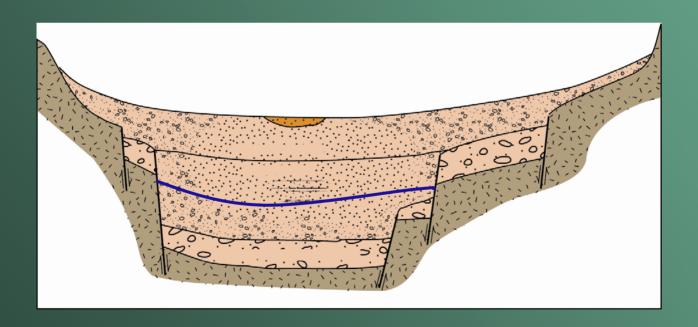






Method: Develop improved estimates for recharge, discharge, and total water in storage

- Computations based on:
 - Spatial information from geologic model
 - Ground-water levels and gradients from water-level map
 - Aquifer properties for hydrogeologic units

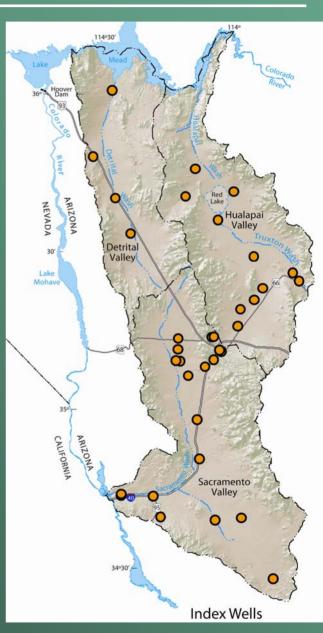






Method: Augment existing hydrologic-monitoring networks to detect and characterize changes in aquifer conditions

- ADWR Index Well Network
- Repeat gravity monitoring sites
 - Recharge rates
 - Discharge rates
 - Storage coefficients

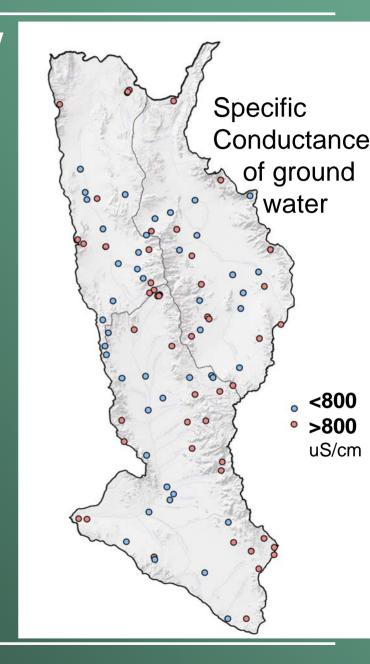






Method: Evaluate ground-water quality for key water uses

- Assess using new& existing data:
 - USGS, ADWR, ADEQ existing data
 - About 30 new ADWR & USGS samples
- Constituents
 - Major ions
 - Metals
 - Nutrients
 - Isotopes







Method: Inform the hydrologic community, water managers, and basin residents about hydrologic conditions

- Communication:
 - Reports & fact sheets
 - Web page
 - Northwest Arizona Watershed Council Meetings
 - Mohave County fair / AZ Hydrologic Society Symposium
 - Phone & email







Uses of data and information

- 100 year water-supply adequacy assessment for new developments
- Long-term planning population and water supply
- Ground-water modeling to assess various development scenarios







Questions/comments:

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http://az.water.usgs.gov/projects/C9Z00.html

